IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 2, 13, and 20 without prejudice and amend the claims as follows:

 (Currently Amended) A method for forming a cap layer, comprising: depositing a barrier layer in a feature in a dielectric layer of a substrate; filling the feature with a metal-containing layer; planarizing the substrate: and

depositing a <u>refractory metal nitride</u> cap layer on the substrate by a cyclical deposition process <u>comprising alternately pulsing a metal-containing compound and a nitrogen-containing compound to deposit the refractory metal nitride cap layer.</u>

- 2. (Canceled)
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the refractory
 metal nitride cap layer comprises tantalum nitride.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the pulsing is continued until the refractory metal nitride <u>cap</u> layer has a crystalline like structure over the metal-containing layer.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the pulsing occurs at a pressure between about 0.5 Torr and about 5 Torr at a temperature between about 150°C and about 350°C.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the pulsing is repeated until the <u>refractory metal nitride</u> cap layer has a thickness of about 10 angstroms.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the pulsing is repeated until the <u>refractory metal nitride</u> cap layer has a thickness of from about 5 angstroms to about 20 angstroms.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, further comprising flowing a non-reactive gas continuously during the pulsing of the metal-containing compound and the pulsing of the nitrogen-containing compound.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the pulsing of the metal-containing compound and the pulsing of the nitrogen-containing compound are separated by a time delay.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>refractory metal</u> <u>nitride</u> cap layer has a thickness sufficient to block diffusion of metal atoms from the metal-containing layer.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising depositing an etch stop layer on the refractory metal nitride cap layer.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method for processing a substrate, comprising: depositing a barrier layer in a feature in a dielectric layer of a substrate; filling the feature with a metal-containing layer; planarizing the substrate;

depositing a cap layer comprising tantalum nitride on the substrate by a cyclical deposition process comprising alternately pulsing a tantalum-containing compound and a nitrogen-containing compound to deposit the cap layer; and

depositing an etch stop layer on the cap layer.

13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[13]] 12, wherein the pulsing is continued until the cap layer has a crystalline like structure over the metal-containing layer.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[13]] 12, wherein the pulsing is repeated until the cap layer has a thickness of from about 5 angstroms to about 20 angstroms.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[13]] 12, further comprising flowing a non-reactive gas continuously during the pulsing of the tantalum-containing compound and the pulsing of the nitrogen-containing compound.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[13]] 12, wherein the pulsing of the tantalum-containing compound and the pulsing of the nitrogen-containing compound are separated by a time delay.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the cap layer has a thickness sufficient to block diffusion of metal atoms from the metal-containing layer.
- (Currently Amended) A method of forming a dual damascene structure, comprising:

depositing a first dielectric film on a substrate;

depositing an etch stop on the first dielectric film;

pattern etching the etch stop to define a vertical interconnect opening and expose the first dielectric film;

depositing a second dielectric film on the etch stop and the exposed first dielectric film;

pattern etching the second dielectric film to define a horizontal interconnect and continuing to etch the exposed first dielectric film to define the vertical interconnect;

depositing a barrier layer on the substrate;

depositing a metal-containing layer on the substrate to fill the vertical interconnect and the horizontal interconnect:

planarizing the substrate metal-containing layer and the second dielectric film;

depositing a <u>refractory metal nitride</u> cap layer on the <u>planarized metal-containing</u> <u>layer and the planarized second dielectric film</u> <u>substrate</u> by a cyclical deposition process <u>comprising alternately pulsing a metal-containing compound and a nitrogen-containing</u> compound to deposit the refractory metal nitride cap layer; and

depositing an etch stop layer on the refractory metal nitride cap layer.

- (Canceled)
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[20]] 19, wherein the refractory metal nitride cap layer comprises tantalum nitride.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[20]] 19, wherein the pulsing is continued until the refractory metal nitride <u>cap</u> layer has a crystalline like structure over the metal-containing layer.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[20]] 19, wherein the pulsing is repeated until the <u>refractory metal nitride</u> cap layer has a thickness of from about 5 angstroms to about 20 angstroms.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[20]] 19, further comprising flowing a non-reactive gas continuously during the pulsing of the metal-containing compound and the pulsing of the nitrogen-containing compound.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[20]] 19, wherein the pulsing of the metal-containing compound and the pulsing of nitrogen-containing compound are separated by a time delay.

26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the <u>refractory metal</u> <u>nitride</u> cap layer has a thickness sufficient to block diffusion of metal atoms from the metal-containing layer.